Electric shock





In a medical emergency, call Triple Zero (000) for an ambulance.

Signs & symptoms

- unconsciousness
- difficulties in breathing or no breathing at all
- a weak, erratic pulse or no pulse at all
- burns, particularly entrance and exit burns (where the electricity entered and left the body)
- sudden onset of cardiac arrest.

What to do

- 1. Check for danger to yourself and bystanders. Do not approach the patient.
- 2. Switch off power before trying to help the patient.
- 3. Remove the patient from the electrical supply without directly touching them, using a non-conductive, dry material, e.g. dry wooden broom handle.
- 4. Apply DRSABCD to the patient.
- 5. Wash and cool the burnt area under running water for 20 minutes.
- 6. Prevent infection by covering the burn wound with a loose and light non-stick dressing, preferably clean, dry, lint free (non-fluffy) material e.g. plastic cling film.
- 7. Seek medical attention for potential for cardiac arrhythmias.

Downed powerlines

- 1. Remain at least 6 metres from any cables.
- 2. Do not attempt to remove cables.
- 3. Do not go near a vehicle or try to remove a person from a vehicle being touched by a high voltage cable.
- 4. Advise the patient not to move.